## Route to BEC and future experiments

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Our project is dedicated to the investigation of interactions in ultracold quantum gases. The first step, the setup for the generation of a <sup>87</sup>Rb-BEC, is presented in this poster.

Starting from an intense 2D-MOT (~  $6 \cdot 10^{10}$  atoms/s [1]) which is loading an elongated 3D-MOT with a loading time of 5 s, we can collect and cool a maximum of  $5 \cdot 10^{10}$  atoms in this 3D-MOT. Since in usual MOT's the density is limited to approximately  $10^{10}$  cm<sup>-3</sup> [2], we use large elliptical laser beams to gather a large atom number in a large-volume-MOT. The Temperature in this unconventional MOT is rather high (about 1 mK) and the cloud is optically dense. To increase phase-space density before loading the sample in a magnetic trap, it is cooled below Doppler Temperature and compressed to about  $10^{11}$  cm<sup>-3</sup> by further detuning to  $-9\Gamma$  within 40 ms. Thus we load about  $3 \cdot 10^9$  atoms in out magnetic trap where we continue with evaporative cooling. The magnetic trap is in Ioffe-Pritchard-configuration with a strong radial and a weak axial confinement resulting in an aspect ratio of  $\omega_{\rho}/\omega_{z} \approx 70$ .

In future, the BEC will be loaded into a blue-detuned optical lattice for the study of lightinduced dipole-dipole-interactions and Rydberg-excitations in the lattice.

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- [2] C. G. Townsend, N. H. Edwards, C. J. Cooper, K. P. Zetie, C. J. Foot, Phase-Space density in the magneto-optical trap, *Phys. Rev. A*, **52** 1423 (1995)